## **English Key Objectives**

Y4	Narrative	Non Narrative	Poetry
Aut 1:1	Narrative Settings:.  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction actively engaging in discussion.  Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these.  Understands how a range of punctuation is used to give reading more meaning.	Biography:  Discussing and recording their ideas in different ways.  Organising writing into paragraphs around a theme.  Choose nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion, to avoid ambiguity and repetition  Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks, actively engaging in discussion.  Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books.  Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.	Poems on a Theme:  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and others' writing and suggesting improvements.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion.  Prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  Continue to recognise some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse, narrative poetry)  Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.
Aut 1:2	Play scripts:  - Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.  - Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  - To use more specific and accurate punctuation within speech sentences  - Listen to and discuss a wide range of plays actively engaging in discussion.  Prepare play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  - Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.  - Can use appropriate voices for characters and adopt a story-telling voice when needed.	Reports:  In non-narrative, using simple organisational devices such as headings/subheadings. Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.  Organising writing into paragraphs around a theme. Use of reported speech as well as direct speech.  Use of more specific and accurate punctuation within speech sentences: comma after the reported clause Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks, actively engaging in discussion.  Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.  Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.	Modern Performances:  Discussing and recording their ideas in different ways.  Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, e.g. accurate use of pronouns in sentences.  Assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and others' writing and suggesting improvements.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion.  Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.  Prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.
Spr 2:1	Traditional Tales:  In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot.  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and others' writing and suggesting improvements.  Use of commas after frontal adverbials  Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction actively engaging in discussion.  Increase familiarity with a wider range of books, including fairy stories, traditional tales, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally.  Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books  Can use appropriate voices for characters and adopt a story-telling voice when needed.	<ul> <li>Explanation:         <ul> <li>In non-narrative, using simple organisational devices such as headings/subheadings.</li> <li>Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.</li> <li>Organising writing into paragraphs around a theme.</li></ul></li></ul>	Narrative:  - Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  - In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot.  - Use of adjectives, nouns and prepositional phrases to explain noun phrases  - Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion.  - Continue to recognise some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse, narrative poetry  - Identify & discuss how author's use of language affects a reader (verbs, adverbs and adjectives).
Spr 2:2	Stories from Other Cultures:  In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot.  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction actively engaging in discussion.  Increase familiarity with a wider range of books, including fairy stories, traditional tales, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally  Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.	Letter Writing:  In non-narrative, using simple organisational devices  Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.  Begin to give well-structured descriptions and explanations for different purposes, including for expressing feelings.  Begin to selectand use appropriate registers for effective communication.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks, actively engaging in discussion.  Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.  Retrieve and record information from non-fiction, beginning to use notes.	Significant Children's Poets:  Discussing and recording their ideas in different ways. Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, e.g. accurate use of pronouns in sentences.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion. Prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  Identify & discuss how author's use of language affects a reader (verbs, adverbs and adjectives).
Sum 3:1	Narrative Storyline:  In narratives create plot.  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Use of commas after frontal adverbials  Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction actively engaging in discussion.  Identify & discuss how author's use of language affects a reader (verbs, adverbs and adjectives).	In non-narrative, using simple organisational devices such as headings/subheadings.  Begin to selectand use appropriate registers for effective communication.  Use a wider range of conjunctions/connectives to join clauses in compound or complex sentence  Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks, actively engaging in discussion. Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books.  Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning. Retrieve and record information from non-fiction, beginning to use notes.	Riddles and Humorous Verse:  Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.  Composing and rehearsing sentences orally progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.  Assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and others' writing and suggesting improvements.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion.  Prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  Continue to recognise some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse, narrative poetry)
Sum 3:2	Adventure Stories:  In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot. Discussing and recording their ideas in different ways.  Assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and others' writing and suggesting improvements.  Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction actively engaging in discussion. Increase familiarity with a wider range of books, including fairy stories, traditional tales, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally.  Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.  Can use appropriate voices for characters and adopt a story-telling voice when needed.	Recount:  In non-narrative, using simple organisational devices  Having writing modelled and discussing it, in order for them to understand and learn about the structure, grammar and vocabulary of different forms of writing.  Organising writing into paragraphs around a theme.  Use of reported speech as well as direct speech.  Use of more specific and accurate punctuation within speech sentences: comma after the reported clause  Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks, actively engaging in discussion.	<ul> <li>Classic Poetry Performances:</li> <li>Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, e.g. accurate use of pronouns in sentences.</li> <li>Listen to and discuss a wide range of poetry actively engaging in discussion.</li> <li>Prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.</li> <li>Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.</li> </ul>